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2018—2019 学年度第一学期高一年级期末联考 英语试卷

命题人：魏爱军 黄婧莹（我们郑重承诺对本次命题质量负责）

考试时间：120 分钟 满分：150 分

注意事项：

1. 答卷前，考生务必用黑色字迹的钢笔或签字笔将自己的姓名、班级、准考证号填写在答题卡上，并且用2B铅笔把对应的准考证号涂黑。
2. 选择题每小题选出答案后，用2B铅笔把答题卡上对应题目的答案标号涂黑；如需改动，用橡皮擦干净后，再选涂其它答案；不能答在试卷上。
3. 非选择题必须用黑色字迹的钢笔或签字笔作答，答案必须写在另发的答题卡各题目指定区域内的相应位置上；如需改动，先划掉原来的答案，然后再写上新的答案；不准使用铅笔和涂改液，不按以上要求作答的答案无效。
4. 考生必须保持答题卡的整洁，考试结束后，将试卷和答题卡一并收回。

第一部分 听力（共两节，满分 30 分）

第一节（共 5 小题；每小题 1.5 分，满分 7.5 分）

听下面 5 段对话。每段对话后有一个小题，从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项，并标在试卷的相应位置。听完每段对话后，你都有 10 秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话仅读一遍。

1. Where does the man want to stay?
A. In the city. B. By the water. C. In the country.
2. What can the woman eat right now?
A. The meat. B. The potatoes. C. The vegetables.
3. What did the woman see?
A. A forest fire. B. A plane crash. C. Birds in the trees.
4. How does the girl probably feel?
A. Excited. B. Surprised. C. Confused.
5. Why does the man get two hamburgers?
A. He is really hungry. B. There won't be any food on his train. C. He wants to save money on lunch tomorrow.

第二节（共 15 小题；每小题 1.5 分，满分 22.5 分）

听下面 5 段对话或独白。每段对话或独白后有几个小题，从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项，并标在试卷的相应位置。听每段对话或独白前，你将有时间阅读各个小题，每小题 5 秒钟；听完后，各小题将给出 5 秒钟的作答时间。每段对话或独白读两遍。

- 听第 6 段材料，回答第 6 至 7 题。
6. What does the boy need?
A. New shirts. B. A new jacket. C. New shoes.
 7. When will the speakers go shopping?
A. On Friday. B. On Saturday. C. On Sunday.
- 听第 7 段材料，回答第 8、9 题。
8. When does the woman call the man?
A. In the middle of the night.



- B. In the afternoon.
C. In the early morning.
9. Why does the man need a pen and paper?
A. To write down the woman's phone number.
B. To write down directions to the new office.
C. To take a message about the meeting.

听第 8 段材料，回答第 10 至 12 题。

10. Why is the man in a bad mood?
A. He stayed up too late.
B. He thinks his team lost.
C. He couldn't watch the game.
11. What did the man have last night?
A. Some ice cream. B. A Coke. C. A pizza.
12. What does the woman suggest the man do?
A. Cheer up.
B. Go online.
C. Check the scores in the paper.

听第 9 段材料，回答第 13 至 16 题。

13. Where is the man on his way to?
A. A birthday party. B. A flower shop. C. The local mall.
14. Who is Flora?
A. Heath's grandmother. B. Heath's mother. C. Heath's aunt.
15. What is true about the man's aunts?
A. There are three of them.
B. They are all named after flowers.
C. They get flowers every year for Christmas.
16. What will the woman do in the end?
A. Wait for a girl.
B. Buy flowers from the man.
C. Help the man pick up flowers.

听第 10 段材料，回答第 17 至 20 题。

17. What can Susie do?
A. Drive a car. B. Go shopping. C. Bathe the dog.
18. How many languages can Susie teach you to speak?
A. Six. B. Five. C. Three.
19. How long can Susie run without charging?
A. For 6 hours. B. For 10 hours. C. For 14 hours.
20. Who is most likely to benefit from Susie?
A. Busy parents. B. Business owners. C. Young students.

第二部分 阅读理解 (共两节，满分 40 分)

第一节 (共 15 小题；每小题 2 分，满分 30 分)

阅读下列短文，从每题所给的四个选项 (A、B、C 和 D) 中，选出最佳选项。

A

In England, we look forward to our birthdays for 364 days a year! We invite special people to celebrate it with us.

The Presents

Presents are opened as soon as the children are awake. They can't wait for the birthday cake later in the day!



The Cards

Friends and family send birthday cards. Sending birthday cards is a custom that began in England about 100 years ago.

The Party

The birthday child will have a party to which friends and family are invited. Visitors to the party bring presents for the birthday child. The children play games such as Musical Chairs and Pass the Parcel.

The Cake

The birthday cake is decorated on a theme (主题). A candle for each year is lit and placed on top and the child blows out the candles making a wish. We don't put objects inside the cake as shown on many websites.

The Bumps (碰撞)

It used to be traditional for the birthday child to have the bumps. Friends would hold the child by the legs and under the arms and lift the child up and down bumping them gently on the ground. The number of bumps given is the age of the child plus one for extra good luck. As this can be dangerous, clapping is often done instead.

The Sweets

Some children do take sweets into school to share with their classmates on their birthdays.

21. In England, the birthday present is opened _____.
- A. before the child goes to sleep B. immediately after the child wakes up
C. as soon as the child dresses up D. when the birthday party is going on
22. What is mentioned on many websites?
- A. Making a wish. B. Lighting a candle.
C. Putting objects inside the cake. D. Placing the candle on top.
23. What would be the best title for this passage?
- A. How birthdays are celebrated in the world
B. Where to hold an English birthday party
C. What to send when invited to a child's birthday
D. How English children celebrate their birthdays

B

Steve Chou is popular with young people these days, but in his early days few people bought his records. Steve Chou lived alone in Canada and did little. One day, he passed by a local CD store and heard a song that greatly attracted him.

"My heart tells me that music is the thing I truly want to do, not for fame (名誉) or money," Chou said.

That's how we luckily have such a music genius, who has since then composed (作曲) lots of hits for the pop music charts (排行榜).

"Sometimes we need to get close to nature to look deeply into our souls and see what we really want to follow," he said.

Recently he has made public his latest work Lovers Genesis. In this album he explores human relationships in the Internet age. "Technology itself is a good thing, but it depends on how you're going to use it," is Chou's advice to teenagers.

Chou often gets his music ideas from trips. He has traveled to many places around the world and believes that learning a country's language is the fastest way of experiencing the culture behind it.

Chou has worked hard on learning English to push forward his music career. He has flown to the UK to attend months-long English training schools three times. There he lives with local families and practices daily conversations.

"So I could easily read the English instructions on recording machines and communicate



with the local music producers," said Chou, "The music reviews of the US or British singers that I appreciate could help me learn and grow with them."

24. Which of the following about Steve Chou is the correct order?

- a. He made public his work Lovers Genesis.
- b. He passed by a local CD store and heard a song that greatly attracted him.
- c. He composed lots of hits for the pop music charts.
- d. Few people bought his records.

A. abcd

B. dbca

C. acbd

D. dacb

25. Why has Chou flown to the UK to learn English?

- A. Because he wants to live in the UK.
- B. Because his record company asks him to.
- C. Because he wants to sell his album in the UK.
- D. Because he thinks it will be helpful for his music career.

26. Steve Chou may agree with the following EXCEPT that _____.

- A. taking trips gives him some ideas of music
- B. what we really want to follow is the most important
- C. music is a thing that can bring him fame and money
- D. in Internet age, technology itself is not a bad thing

27. What is Steve Chou like according to the passage?

- A. Kind and helpful.
- B. Proud and confident.
- C. Active and hard-working.
- D. Calm and disappointed.

C

He lived his whole life as a poor man. His art and talent were recognized by almost no one. He suffered from a mental illness that led him to cut off part of his left ear in 1888 and to shoot himself two years later. But after his death, he achieved world fame. Today, Dutch artist Van Gogh is recognized as one of the leading artists of all time.

Now, 150 years after his birth on March 30, 1853, Zundert, the town of his birth, has made 2003 "The Van Gogh Year" to memory of him. And the Van Gogh Museum in Amsterdam, home to the biggest collection of his artworks, is marking the anniversary with exhibitions through the year. The museum draws around 1.3 million visitors every year. Some people enjoy the art and then learn about his life. Others are first interested in his life, which then helps them understand his art.

Van Gogh was the son of a priest (牧师). He left school when he was just 15. By the age of 27, he had already tried many jobs including an art gallery salesman and a French teacher. Finally, in 1880, he decided to begin his studies in art.

Van Gogh is famed for his ability to put his own emotions (情感) into his paintings and show his feelings about a scene. His style is marked by short, broad brush strokes (绘画笔法). "Instead of trying to reproduce exactly what I have before my eyes, I use colour more freely, in order to express myself more strongly," he wrote in a letter to his brother in 1888.

Van Gogh sold only one painting during his short life. He relied heavily on support from his brother, an art dealer who lived in Paris. But now his works are sold for millions of dollars. His Portrait (肖像) of Dr. Gachet sold for US \$89.5 million in 1990. It is the highest price ever paid for a painting. "I think his paintings are powerful and the brilliant colours in them are attractive to people," said a Van Gogh's fan.

28. Van Gogh killed himself because of _____.

- A. the poor life
- B. his illness
- C. his pain from the left ear
- D. the rejection by artists of his time



29. One of the characteristics of Van Gogh's paintings is _____.
 A. the likeness between his paintings and the reality
 B. the short time for him to complete a painting
 C. the various styles mixed together
 D. the special strokes he made
30. The selling of his paintings is considered to be the most successful because _____.
 A. more and more people are influenced by his powerful paintings
 B. people can understand him through his paintings
 C. 1.3 million people visit his painting museum every year
 D. Zundert has made 2003 "the Van Gogh Year" to memory of him
31. We can infer from the passage that _____.
 A. his powerful art came from his poor life
 B. his fellow townsmen regret treating him unfairly
 C. all his paintings were drawn in the last 10 years of his life
 D. most of his paintings are kept in the museum of his hometown

D

This year, Facebook, the social media website, announced that it would work with several news organizations—including *The New York Times*, *The Guardian*, and the BBC—to place news stories directly into users' personal Facebook web page. Stories published using Facebook Instant will load more quickly and keep the style of the original publisher, who will keep all the advertising income the stories earn—at least for now. The deal shows how important social media has become to news organizations, and it is a clear sign of how the world of news is changing—and has been for a while.

Many thought of it as the death of the newspaper, when Google News began in 2002. It had no human editor. Instead, Google used, and still uses, a secret computer program that selects and displays news stories according to the readers' personal interests. More recently, Associated Press and Yahoo have been publishing computer-written articles. Both use special software to automatically (自动地) produce stories about company financial results and sports reports—areas where the quality of writing is felt to be of secondary importance to the accuracy of the data.

I think we should be concerned about such developments. One concern is that Facebook, Google and other social media websites see journalism as a sideline (副业), a way of putting people in front of advertisements. It isn't their primary function—so if it stops making them lots of money, they're likely to stop doing it.

There's another concern that computer-written articles are not actual journalism at all, because what a human news team produces is actually quite complex. A well written news story puts information in context, offers a voice to each side of an argument and brings the public new knowledge.

Although economics and the speed of delivery mean readers will probably choose a computer-written story over a carefully shaped article—at least for daily news—I don't think the computers will be writing any indepth (深入的) articles for a while yet.

32. What is the main purpose of the article?
 A. To report on a new computer service offered by Facebook.
 B. To advise readers against reading computer-written news.
 C. To express concern about recent trends in online news.
 D. To describe the process of online news reporting.
33. Computer-written news reports have so far focused on sports and finance because _____.
 A. these are the most popular topics for online readers
 B. writing style is less important than accuracy in these areas



- C. information on these topics is more easily available
D. there are fewer journalists specializing in these areas
34. What does the underlined word "It" in Paragraph 3 refer to?
A. Journalism. B. Advertising.
C. Facebook. D. Business.
35. In Paragraph 4, which of the following is mentioned as a characteristic of a well written news article?
A. The information presented is up to date.
B. The author's opinion is clear.
C. The language used is vivid.
D. Different views on the topic are presented.

第二节 (共 5 小题; 每小题 2 分, 满分 10 分)

根据短文内容, 从短文后的选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。

The Importance of Positive Attitude

A positive attitude is very important as it will make our life easier. 36. There will be times when we will face problems. The most challenging part is not when our life goes smoothly but how we react when we experience problems and difficulties.

Those who have a positive attitude will treat any problem as a challenge. Instead of being discouraged, they will treat each failure as a lesson. 37. As for those who do not have the positive attitude, they will see problems and difficulties in a different way.

The situation can be the same for both the Guy A and Guy B. 38. Every one of us has the same amount of time. Since having a negative attitude will eat up our time, why don't we just make good use of the same amount of time to have a positive attitude? Life itself is already hard. It will be much better if we have a positive attitude which will make our life happier and easier.

39. People will generally prefer to stay with people who have positive attitudes as being happy is very infectious (富有感染力的). Everyone will be affected by the energy of positive attitudes and they too will have a positive attitude.

If you learn to see the bright side of life when you're surrounded by difficulties, you'll be building your positive attitude fast. 40.

- A. And they will be motivated to achieve the goal.
B. Having good attitudes provides many health benefits.
C. In life, not everything goes as smoothly as we want.
D. But with different attitudes, the results will be quite different.
E. They may have no approaches to solving the problems.
F. When you have a positive attitude towards everything, you will be happier.
G. The more you practise having a positive attitude, the easier and more natural it will come to you.

第三部分 语言知识运用 (共两节, 满分 45 分)

第一节 (共 20 小题; 每小题 1.5 分, 满分 30 分)

阅读下面短文, 从短文后各题所给的 A、B、C 和 D 四个选项中, 选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

Nelson Mandela is respected and 41 around the world. To South Africans he is a superstar. He is a hero 42 shocked the world by fighting for peace 43 races of black and white, even though he spent 27 years in the prison of the South Africa's white, racist regime (政权).



Mandela, who won the nation's first all-race _____ 44 _____ after the fall of apartheid (种族隔离) in 1994, retired in 1999. But even now, he is as popular as _____ 45 _____.

His _____ 46 _____ has inspired an entire national industry. His portrait has appeared at many places, _____ 47 _____ on some goods. His face has appeared on a South African coin; a district of a city was named _____ 48 _____ his honor and some business leaders _____ 49 _____ to build a giant statue that looks like him—the Statue of Freedom. _____ 50 _____ would stand taller than New York's Statue of Liberty (自由女神像).

His popularity is similar to _____ 51 _____ of John F. Kennedy in the US or Winston Churchill in Britain, but _____ 52 _____ politicians today have achieved his level of admiration, said Tom Lodge, head of the Political Science Department of the University of the Witwatersrand.

"Sometimes it isn't completely appreciated what a skilled performer Mandela _____ 53 _____ throughout his political career. He's a very, very clever man." _____ 54 _____, he is far from perfect.

Most articles about his birthday, which appeared in every major South African newspaper on the day, _____ 55 _____ mentioned that Mandela _____ 56 _____ have shortcomings. Then they returned to their flowing praises.

"Through the _____ 57 _____, the human race has had its icons (偶像)—men and women who rose above _____ 58 _____ people to inspire their _____ 59 _____," *The Mail and Guardian Weekly* said. "In our generation, the gods _____ 60 _____ Nelson Mandela to us."

- | | | | |
|-------------------|----------------|-----------------|---------------|
| 41. A. admired | B. amazed | C. awarded | D. hated |
| 42. A. whom | B. which | C. who | D. whose |
| 43. A. among | B. between | C. in | D. with |
| 44. A. choices | B. options | C. competitions | D. elections |
| 45. A. ever | B. never | C. even | D. ago |
| 46. A. admiration | B. popularity | C. influence | D. effect |
| 47. A. included | B. include | C. including | D. to include |
| 48. A. to | B. with | C. for | D. in |
| 49. A. hope | B. consider | C. suggest | D. fancy |
| 50. A. That | B. It | C. They | D. As |
| 51. A. it | B. those | C. that | D. whom |
| 52. A. a few | B. several | C. some | D. few |
| 53. A. has been | B. had been | C. have been | D. was |
| 54. A. But | B. Therefore | C. However | D. So |
| 55. A. detailedly | B. briefly | C. straight | D. directly |
| 56. A. does | B. maybe | C. perhaps | D. did |
| 57. A. time | B. age | C. ages | D. year |
| 58. A. ordinary | B. original | C. formal | D. normal |
| 59. A. people | B. generations | C. times | D. countries |
| 60. A. gave in | B. gave out | C. gave up | D. gave away |

第二节 语法填空 (共 10 小题; 每小题 1.5 分, 满分 10 分)

阅读下面短文, 在空白处填入 1 个适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式。

While mobile internet and smartphones _____ 61 _____ (walk) into every corner of the world, social networks and value-added services change many aspects of our daily lives.

In China, this process happens even faster and goes even _____ 62 _____ (far) than it is in _____ 63 _____ parts of the world. We can shop online, order food at restaurants or takeaways, pay kinds of bills and fares for public transport, book a medical _____ 64 _____ (appoint) or even register (登记; 注册) to get _____ 65 _____ (marry)—all with a few taps of our fingers on a smartphone.



screen. We can also use technology to reduce the stress for ___66___ disadvantaged and offer help to those in need.

Four years ago, Tencent launched the first-ever online ___67___ (donate) activities in China. It enabled donors to give money ___68___ (direct) to their ___69___ (prefer) charities or philanthropic (慈善的) projects via Weixin Pay and also monitor progress.

___70___, the help of technology, philanthropy can be woven into the activities in our daily lives and be more fun, innovative and accessible to more people.

第四部分 写作 (共两节, 满分 30 分)

第一节 短文改错 (共 10 小题; 每小题 1 分, 满分 10 分)

假定英语课上老师要求同桌之间交换修改作文, 请你修改你同桌写的一篇作文。文中共有 10 处语言错误, 每句中最多有两处, 每处错误只涉及一个单词的增加, 删除或修改。

增加: 在缺词处加一个漏字符号 (^), 并在其下面写出该加的词。

删除: 把多余的词用斜线 (\) 划掉。

修改: 在错的词下面划一横线, 并在该词下面写出修改后的词。

注意: 1. 每处错误及修改均仅限一词, 每句中最多有两处错误;

2. 只允许修改 10 处, 多者 (从第 11 出) 不计分。

Dear Jerry,

I'm glad to know that you are interesting in Chinese food. Here I'd like tell you something about them. Chinese food is famous with its wide variety. The food in one area can be easy told from that in another. For example, Shanghai food, a little sweet, is different from Sichuan food who is rather hot. However, every kind of Chinese food is worth trying because each have a delicious taste and is good for health. Since the restaurant in China usually serves special dish of different areas, you can enjoy various Chinese foods no matter where you are. I'm looking forward to meet you here so that I can tell you more about Chinese food at the table.

Best wishes!

Yours,

Jin

第二节 书面表达 (满分 25 分)

假设你是李华, 昨晚参加了美国朋友 David 的生日聚会, 请写封感谢信, 表达你对聚会的喜爱和对 David 的祝福。

注意: 1. 词数 100 左右;

2. 适当展开想象, 语意连贯, 结构完整;

3. 不能使用真实姓名和学校名称。

Dear David,

Yours,

LiHua

